Missouri's Complex Fence Law

Presented by:



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Program Complaint Information

To file a program complaint you may contact any of the following:

University of Missouri

- MU Extension AA/EEO Office, 109 F. Whitten Hall, Columbia, MO 65211
- MU Human Resources Office, 130 Heinkel Bldg, Columbia, MO 65211

USDA

 Office of Civil Rights, Director, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Ave., SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410
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Looking at Missouri's 2 Fence Laws...

...What's the Difference and Where does Your County Fit?



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What I'll Discuss Tonight...

How the Optional Fence & Enclosure
 Act differs from the "updated general law" is

What either law will (and won't) do

Try to answer any Questions any of you have



Where Missouri is at right now...



- Most of the state currently has the updated general law.
- 19 counties in the state (mostly in Northern Missouri) have the local option law.

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Missouri's Other Fence Law... Local option Law Counties

- Bates
- Clinton
- Daviess
- Gentry
- Grundy
- Harrison
- Knox
- Linn
- Macon
- Cedar

- Mercer
- Newton
- Putnam
- Schuyler
- Scotland
- Shelby
- Sullivan
- Saint Clair
- Worth

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Where Missouri is at right now...

 Chapter 272 is where the fence law statute is located. You can find it on the web too at

http://www.moga.mo.gov/mostatutes/chapters/chapText272.html

The revised general law starts at 272.010 while the local option begins at 272.210



Comparing the 2 laws...

New General Law

only if a landowner owns livestock can he/she be required to build a boundary fence.

Optional Law

if 1 landowner has a "need" for a boundary fence, then both landowners are required to contribute 1/2.



Comparing the 2 laws...

New General Law

Optional Law

the definition of livestock can be an issue such as:

- ~ is 1 horse lvtk?
- can I run wire 25 feet off property line and not contribute?



New General Law

if both
landowners have
livestock, they are to
meet and within a
"reasonable" time
build or repair the
boundary fence.

Optional Law

The landowner can give notice to the other(s) as to their "need" for a boundary fence, within 90 days the other is expected to "do this" or face legal action.



New General Law

There is NO specific legal recourse if one landowner refuses to build their portion of the fence.

Optional Law

A specific legal recourse is in place if 1 landowner refuses to build their portion, how good it is depends in large part to the judge.

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New General Law

There is a specific legal remedy for a landowner(s) who puts livestock against a neighbor's fence later. How well it's working is subject to interpretation (not very well according to most).



New General Law

The definition of a legal fence is now "wire or wood at least 4 foot high with posts no more than 12 feet apart". Other types of fences must be approved by the judge.

Optional Law

"A legal fence is 4 barbed wire or the equivalent with posts no farther than 12 feet apart with no stays & 15 feet apart with one stay".



New General Law

Optional Law

If more than a legal fence is required (woven wire, etc.) you are still required to pay for ½ of a legal fence.

same as new law

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New General Law

The part of the fence to build/maintain is the right 1/2 as you face each other at the midpoint of your boundary fence.

Optional Law

The part of the fence to build/maintain is traditionally the right 1/2 as you face each other at the midpoint of your boundary fence.



New General Law

You have the legal right to go onto your neighbor's property to repair your or his/her portion of the fence.

Optional Law

You have the <u>implied</u> right to go onto your neighbor's property to repair your or his/her portion of the fence.



New General Law

Optional Law

You do not have the legal right to remove a fence without your neighbor's okay. You can remove brush /trees that are obstructing the fence.

SAME AS NEW LAW

Extension

Fences & Adverse Possession...

- Many people run into <u>adverse possession</u>
 issues on a fence line. It is a legal term that
 essentially says if a fence has been in a location
 for more than 10 years, a new owner <u>may not</u>
 be able to move it if the neighbor refuses.
- It is a legal process (has to go to court) but it is critical to know a survey alone typically does not overturn it if requirements are met.



Fences & Adverse Possession...

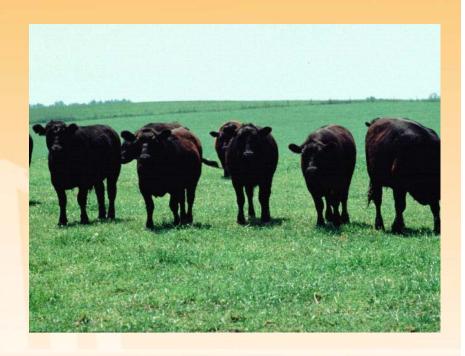
- Evidence to argue adverse possession include survey, photos, witnesses, use of land during period (timber cut, hunting, etc.).
- If <u>both</u> landowners agree, a simple phrase can be put on <u>both</u> <u>deeds</u> to avoid this problem.
- You can contact me if you want to find out more on this or go to

http://extension.missouri.edu/p/G811



Animal Trespass Issues...

- The other area where there are major differences is that of animal trespass.
- Senate Bill 844 which became law in 2016 changed animal owner liability greatly.





New General Law

272.030 states
"only in cases where
livestock get through
a lawful fence and do
damage, the livestock
owner is liable only in
cases of negligence"
on their part.

Optional Law

There is nothing in the current statute related to this since in these counties, damages are not legally allowed with a boundary fence.



- So what constitutes negligence?
 - ~ fence that doesn't meet minimum legal requirements
 - ~ water gaps not repaired in a "timely" manner
 - ~ livestock not fed or cared for as law expects
 - ~ animals that get out regularly (bull, etc.)



New General Law

Optional Law

If livestock get out through a non-boundary fence (road, creek), you may be able to receive double damages and distrain them after the 1st trespass.

same as general law.

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- So what about the "stray law"?
 - ~ chapter 272 covers fence law; chapter 271 covers stray animals
 - ~ 271 covers strays that get out and is considered obsolete although some folks quote and use parts of it
 - ~ chapter 270 covers animals running at large further confusing this issue



New General Law

Optional Law

railroads are
unique situation.
Statute 389.650
requires them to
maintain their fences
from livestock.

same as general law.

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Law Interpretation Issues...



 Another cause for potential cloudiness is that the law is subject to a lot of interpretation by the county's Associate Circuit Judge.

 Add attorneys & law enforcement too here.

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Fence Cases & Court....

- Cases below \$5,000 can be heard in small claims court. This can be done without an attorney if you wish.
- Again, remember these laws are still subject to a lot of interpretation.



Miscellaneous issues...

- Keep in mind that the Local Option can be voted on more than once.
- If a landowner refuses to do their part, it is extremely difficult to force them under either law.



If You Have Further Questions...

You can contact me either by...

phone: (660) 947-2705

fax: (660) 947-3006 {call 1st}

e-mail: koenenj@missouri.edu

or you can call your county office and they can contact me.



In Conclusion...

- Can I answer any additional questions anyone has?
- I will answer specific questions. However, remember that the law can be interpreted different ways.



