

Exotic Wood Boring and Bark Beetle Surveys

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- Who
- What
- When
- Where
- Why
- Outreach





<u>Who</u>:

- USDA APHIS PPQ (Plant Protection & Quarantine)
- Missouri Department of Agriculture
- Missouri Department of Conservation

"Collaboration, Coordination, Communication"



What:

"(EWB/BB)" surveys are designed to detect or delimit an infestation of exotic wood-boring or bark beetles in the United States to protect our natural resources



Cerambycidae

Longhorned beetles
Asian longhorned beetle,
Anoplophora glabripennis
(Motschulsky)

Buprestidae

Jewel beetles or metallic woodboring beetles

<u>Ex</u>. Emerald ash borer,

Agrilus planipennis (Fairmaire)





Curculionidae

Bark and snout beetles <u>Ex</u>. Walnut twig beetle, *Pityophthorus juglandis* Blackman



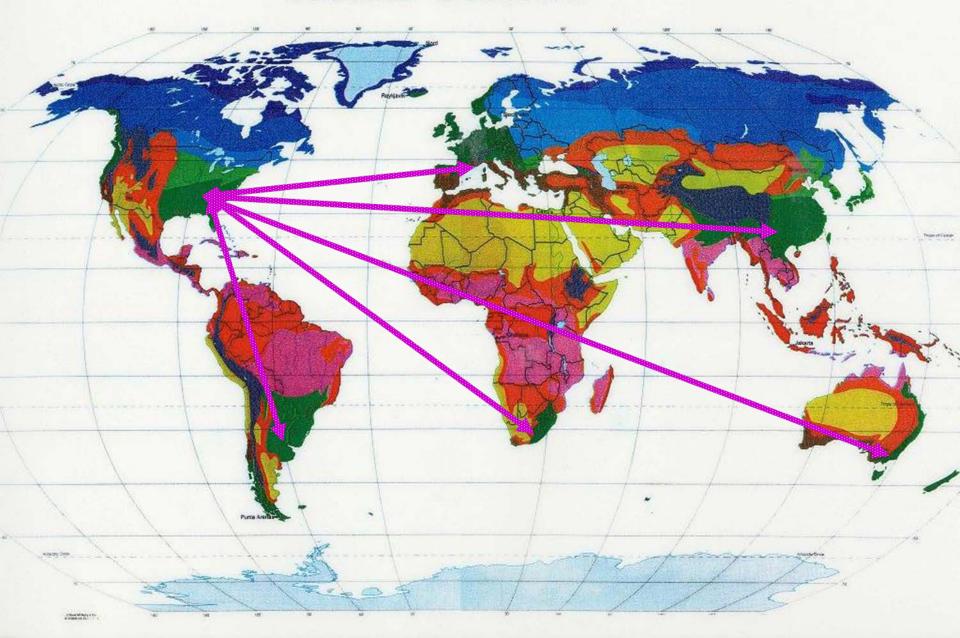
The term "exotic species" is geographical:

- Exotic species do not naturally occur in the ecosystem of interest.
- They may come from neighboring areas, not just from other countries.

The term "invasive species" refers to biological attributes:

- It can displace native species, or
- It can establish and out compete native species
- They are alien to the ecosystem under consideration
- They can cause economic harm, environmental harm, or harm to human health.

WORLD CLIMATE



In 2014, \$18.4 trillion worth of goods were traded globally per year and 15 billion tons of merchandise were moved.









2014: More than half of the \$8.7 trillion of goods moved in the USA was encased in or supported by SWPM.



Trade volume is so large that most countries can manage to inspect only 1% to 2% of shipments.





97 percent of quarantine significant tree pests found by port inspectors are associated with **SWPM**.





In spite of current "bark-free" import requirements, about 9 percent of maritime shipments contain bark.



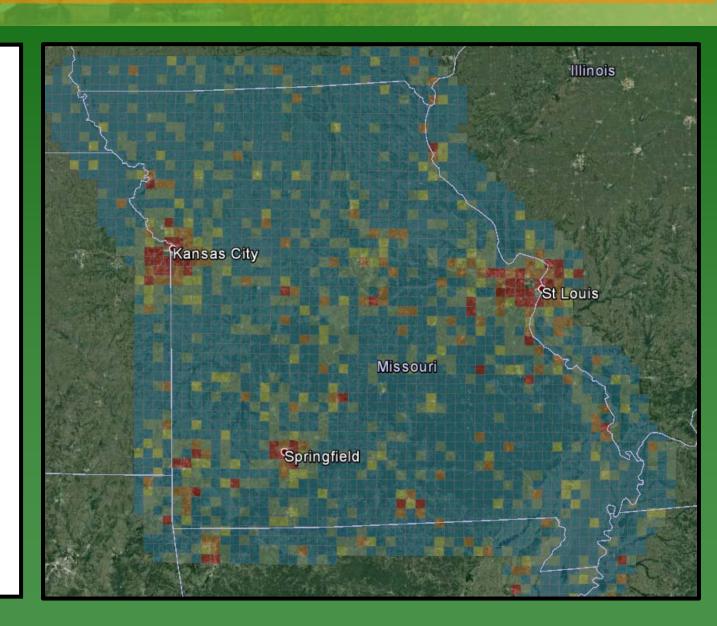
What and When: Looking at 2017

- USDA APHIS PPQ (Plant Protection & Quarantine)
 - Oak commodity survey
 - Emerald ash borer survey
 - Trace forwards (potential)
- Missouri Department of Agriculture
 - Oak commodity survey
 - Pine shoot beetle survey
 - TCD survey
- Missouri Department of Conservation
 - TCD survey
 - Emerald ash borer survey



Where:

- Statewide surveys
- Dependent upon:
 - Pest
 - Host
 - Staff







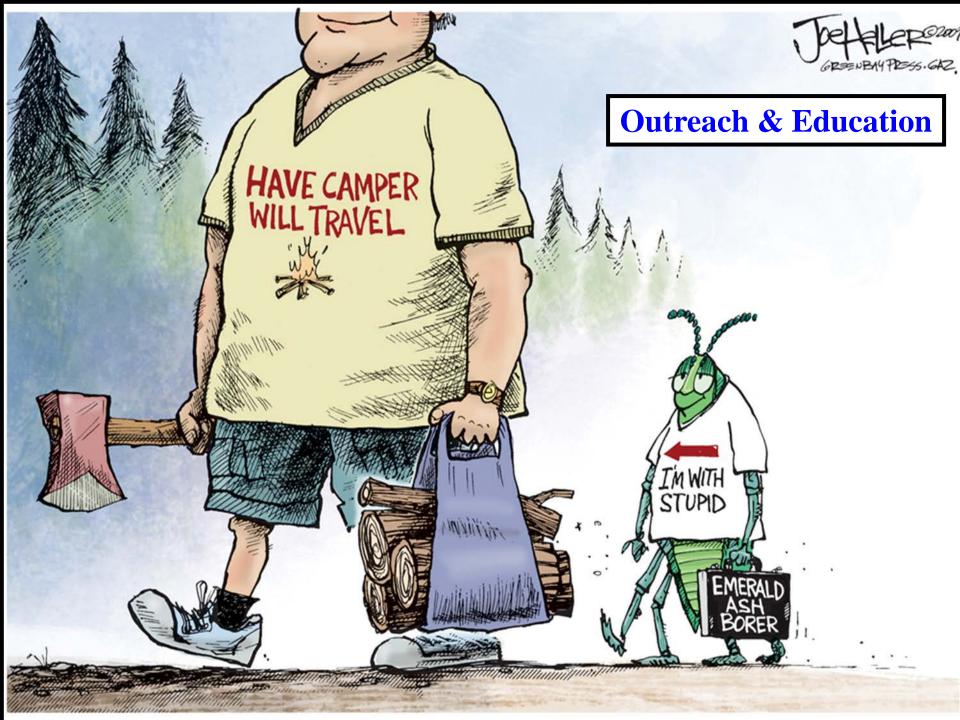
Exotic wood-boring and bark beetles (EBB/BB)

- Cause damage by feeding on host shrubs and trees, lowering timber quality and yield
- Transmit pathogens to host plants
- Weaken or kill host plants











Outreach Target Audiences

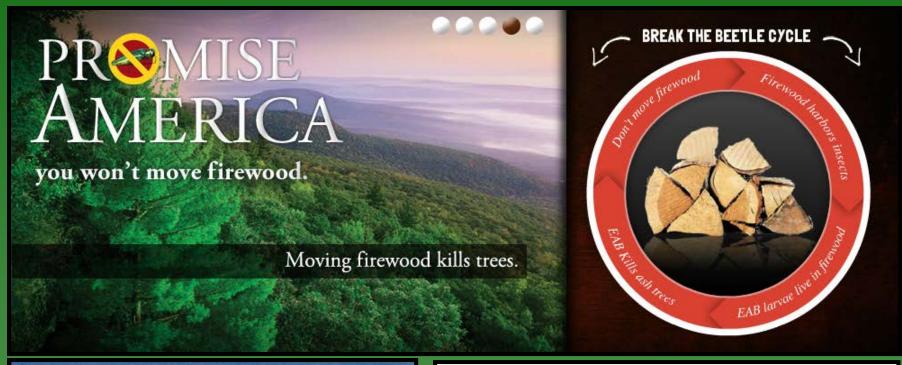
- General Public
- Municipalities
- Foresters, Arborists
- Forest Products Industry
- Nursery Industry
- Campgrounds
- Utility Workers
- Firewood buyers and sellers
- Universities (Education)













Educational material, brochures, meetings, conferences, workshops, trainings, media and public outreach, website

